



CURRENCY BILL PASSED

Senate Devoted the Entire Session to it.

AMENDMENTS ADDED

LaFollette Amendments for the Most Part Were Incorporated in the Bill.

THE VOTE WAS 42 TO 16

The Interesting Feature of the Bill Was the Reiteration by Aldrich of His Promise for an Investigation of the Banking System.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Senate devoted the entire session to the consideration of the Aldrich currency bill. After further amending the measure it passed by a vote of 42 to 16.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—As passed, the bill provides for not more than five hundred million dollars of currency to be issued to the national banks upon a deposit by them of State, county and municipal bonds to be approved by the secretary of the treasury. The currency is to be issued with a view to securing an equitable distribution of the currency of the United States in accordance with its unimpaired capital and the surplus of the banks in such State. Banks are to pay for this emergency circulation one-half of one per cent per month during the first four months it is circulated, and afterwards three-quarters of one per cent per month. The bill provides that national banks shall pay not less than one per cent on government funds deposited with them. As amended, the bill carries an important change in the banking laws relating to the banking laws. This amendment provides that of the fifteen per cent reserve required to be kept by the banks in reserve cities four-fifths of this to be kept in the vaults of the banks and of that amount one-third can be in the form of securities of the kind required.

At the instance of La Follette, an amendment was adopted prohibiting any national bank investing its funds in the stock of other securities, or corporation, the officers or directors of which are officers or directors of the bank, and providing a penalty of imprisonment of from one to five years. In accepting this amendment, Aldrich stated he had not time to consider the amendment fully, but was in sympathy with its general purpose. He said it could be perfected in conference. The proposition to insert a provision for the government to guarantee deposits in national banks was subject to an extended debate and was defeated by a vote of 11 to 46, most of the Democratic vote being opposed to the proposition.

Another amendment was offered by La Follette prohibiting loans by national banks to its officers or to any corporation, the majority stock of which was owned by the officers of the bank. It was rejected, as was also the amendment offered by Nelson, of Minnesota, providing that no officer or employee of a national bank shall be a member of a stock exchange or engaged in buying and selling stock or bonds on a commission basis.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Previous to taking a vote on the Aldrich bill a vote was taken on the Bailey substitute authorizing the gov-

ernment, instead of national banks, the issue of the currency circulation for which the bill provides. Vote on the substitute was 42 to 13 and entirely partisan, even La Follette casting his vote with the Republicans. The interesting feature of the passage of the bill was reiteration by Aldrich of his promise to bring in a bill for an investigation of the entire banking system of the country with a view of instituting reforms.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Amendment by La Follette to punish by from one to five years imprisonment any falsification in the bank securities was adopted.

ABANDONMENT CHARGED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 27.—Paul G. Bender is in custody at the City prison on information from Chicago where he is wanted on a charge of abandoning his wife and child. Bender is a foundry helper by trade. He will be held pending the arrival of an officer from Chicago with extradition papers.

SENATOR APPOINTED.

TALAHASSEE, Fla., March 27.—Governor Broward today appointed Hall Milton, of Marianna, to succeed the late Senator William J. Bryan in the United States Senate.

MAKES A STATEMENT

Upholds the Action of the Committee on Student Affairs.

PROTESTS NOT CONSIDERED

It Is a Matter of Regret That So Many Men Have Been Drawn Into This Matter by the False Idea of College Spirit.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Cal., March 27.—The most important development of the day in the student situation was the issuance of a statement by President Jordan in which he declares the parade was an organized revolt against the authority of the university. He upholds the action of the committee, which he says, no protest can change. Jordan's statement follows: "The present difficulty has had its origin in an effort of the university authorities, trustees and faculty to rid the institution of the 'burden and disgrace of student drunkenness.' The student affairs committee is the regularly constituted disciplinary committee, having charge of these matters, and its actions are in accordance with the definite instructions from the academic council. The demonstration March 16 was an organized expression of revolt primarily against the university itself. It was necessary that the offense should be met squarely and definitely. This the committee has done and the university will continue to carry out its policy without reference to opposition or protest.

"It is a matter of regret that so many fine young men have been drawn into this matter by the false idea of college spirit, the under currents in the affairs are not appearing on the surface and the moral issue is being obscured by sympathy for their fellows." The president's statement has not yet been made public, but when it becomes known it will have the effect of stopping any appeal for the reconsideration of the cases of the students dismissed. Jordan left for Helena, Montana, tonight. He will remain there until April 7. No further steps were taken today in regard to the movement of part of the students to leave college, as the requisite 250 signatures to the agreement have not been obtained.

SMARTING UNDER THE LASH.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Cal., As a result of the stand taken by the student body, the controversy

CONGRESSMAN SHOT NEGRO

Thomas J. Heflin Did the Shooting.

STARTS TROUBLE IN CAR

The Negro Insisted in Drinking From a Bottle—Heflin Asked Him to Desist.

HE APPLIED VILE EPIETHETS

During the Affray One of the Congressman's Bullets Went Wild and Struck a New York Horsetrainer in the Leg.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—In a desperate affray on a Pennsylvania-avenue car, Thomas Lumby, a negro, was shot in the head and Thomas McCreary, a New York horsetrainer, was shot in the leg by Congressman Thomas J. Heflin, of Alabama, tonight. The shooting of McCreary was accidental. Heflin was arrested charged with assault and attempt to kill. Later he was released on \$5,000 bail.

Heflin and Congressman Ellerbe were en route to the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church, where Heflin was to deliver a temperance lecture. Heflin observed the two negroes, one of whom was Lumby, in the act of drinking from a whisky bottle. A number of ladies were on board and Heflin asked Lumby to stop drinking, saying "Don't take that drink; there are ladies in this car and it is not right. It is against the law for you to do this thing in a public, and I hope you will put that bottle away." The other negro, who was comparatively sober, attempted to take the bottle from Lumby. Lumby applied vile epithets to Heflin, who engaged in a desperate struggle and succeeded in throwing Lumby off the car as it stopped. Most of the passengers, including McCreary and his wife, alighted hastily. Lumby again reviled Heflin and made a motion towards his hip pocket, whereupon Heflin got his gun into action, firing at the negro through the car window, but missed, his bullet hitting McCreary. He fired one or two more shots and brought Lumby down with a bullet in his head. McCreary's wound is not serious. Lumby has a chance to recover. Heflin is the

with the faculty committee on student affairs will not be dropped as long as there is a single avenue open for protest or a single method of appeal left untried, and as more than 200 students already have pledged themselves to leave the university there is a strong probability of a general walkout tomorrow. If the suggested line of action is carried out the registration at the university will be depleted by a full third within 24 hours.

Definite action was not taken by the student body until the close of a stormy meeting held upon the campus and after every phase of the situation had been threshed out in detail by the most prominent and influential members of the undergraduate body, graduates and others deeply interested in the welfare of the university. The feature of overwhelming significance in the action taken this afternoon is the deep rooted feeling expressed that the point has been reached where all hope of fair treatment at the hands of the university authorities is at an end.

author of the "Jim Crow Car Law," and since he introduced the measure has received many threatening letters, hence he carried a pistol.

JOHN McLEOD DEAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—John McLeod, a wealthy contractor, was killed in a collision of automobiles in the park early today. Charles Bowman at the wheel of the machine with which the contractor's machine collided, was arrested and accused of manslaughter. He claims McLeod's machine ran into his machine from the rear.

WILL NOT FILE NEW BOND.

SEATTLE, March 27.—Chairman C. F. White, of the Lumbermen's Rate Committee, today announced that the lumbermen would not file a new surety bond, as required by Federal Judge Hanford, in the sum of \$200,000. If this is not done an injunction restraining the railroads from collecting the new lumber rates will be suspended and finally dissolved.

PLAGUE PLENTIFUL.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, March 27.—Eighty-nine cases of the plague in the Lazaretto here and many others scattered throughout the city in private houses.

SLAVONIANS' STRIKE

One Company Sent From Haines Mission, Alaska

STOLE TEN CASES DYNAMITE

Acting Governor of Alaska Telegraphed Secretary Taft for Troops—Will Place a Sufficient Force at the Disposal of the U. S. Marshal.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Eight hundred striking miners, most of them foreigners, are possessed of ten cases of dynamite and desire to destroy the property and perhaps life at the Treadwell mines in Alaska was the situation presented to Secretary Taft by telegram from the acting governor of that territory, who requested the aid of Federal troops. The Secretary acceded to his request and announced his action at the conclusion of a Cabinet session today. General Brush, commanding the department of the Columbia at Vancouver Barracks, Washington, will place a sufficient force at the disposal of the United States marshal at Treadwell to assist him in enforcement of the law and to enforce and execute the orders of the United States courts. General Brush has sent one company of infantry to Treadwell, a distance of one hundred miles, and the troops should reach their destination in a day or two.

FIRE IN THEATER BUILDING.

CHICAGO, Mar. 27.—Fire was discovered in the elevator dynamo room of the twelfth floor of the Majestic theater building tonight. Assistant Chief Schuttler and 150 policemen followed the alarm. Firemen were warned not to ring their gongs after they were within 100 feet of the place. Eight hundred persons were in the theater and none of them knew there was a fire. It was soon extinguished.

UTTERING DEFUNCT BANK BILLS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—Charles B. Hulsted, who is charged with having uttered bills of the defunct State Bank of Georgia, was held by United States Commissioner Heacock yesterday in \$1,000 bonds for his appearance before the district court in Denver. Testimony at the hearing yesterday brought out the fact that the bills had been furnished to Hulsted and hundreds of other tools by a man in Chicago.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO

Chialpa Shaken and Badly Burned.

THERE WERE 2 SHOCKS

Followed by Fire Originating in Many Places Among the Ruins.

WIRE COMMUNICATION DOWN

The Loss of Life, if Any, and the Financial Loss Is Problematical—The Town Is Two Days by Horseback From Nearest Railway.

MEXICO CITY, March 27.—Chialpa, a town of 15,000 inhabitants in the State of Guerrero, was shaken by an earthquake and burned. The shocks were two in number and occurred early last evening and were followed by fire originating in a dozen places among the ruins. Only meager facts of the disaster are known and information thus far has dribbled from half a dozen places, more or less authentic. The loss of life, if any, and the financial loss is problematical. Telegraphic communications with Chialpa is shut off and the town is two days on horseback from the nearest railway station. Governor Flores has received a dispatch that great fissures are in streets and fields of Chialpa, and great damage to the buildings, but later advices show the governor's information to be ultra-conservative. The town is practically destroyed, though no lives were lost. Thirty-four shocks were recorded. In the city of Vera Cruz great damage was done and during a panic in the theater Mrs. Jeanett Dorville, an American, dropped dead from fright. The correspondent at El Imparcial confirms the news of the destruction by a quake and the fire of Chialpa. Associated Press endeavored unavailingly throughout the day to confirm the news of the disaster at Chialpa.

CRIPPLED CHILDREN RECITE.

CHICAGO, Mar. 27.—Minnie Cultra, a cripple, 14 years old, known as "Little Sunshine" by her companions, and without technical musical training, proved to be the star attraction at a recital last night in the Fine Arts building, even though a number of well known musicians appeared on the same program. The recital was given for the benefit of the Fallen School for crippled children. Five hundred patronesses of the school were present, as well as 42 crippled children, who occupied boxes. Minnie Cultra, arms, legs and body paralyzed, was carried on the stage and sang the old song, "There is a Green Hill Far Away." Tears came to the eyes of nearly every auditor. One woman became hysterical and was helped from the hall. John Crowley, 14 years old, who supports himself and brother by selling papers and Adelaide Baker appeared on crutches and gave short recitations.

THREE JOINT INDICTMENTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—The three joint indictments returned by the grand jury Wednesday against Patrick Calhoun, Tiry L. Ford and Abraham Ruef have been assigned to Judge Lawlor's department in the Superior Court. Judge Lawlor fixed the bail at ten thousand dollars on each indictment.

CHARITY PATIENT

Parker The Negro Defender of President McKinley dead. PHILADELPHIA, Mar. 27.—Before a class of students at the Jefferson Medical College the body of James B. Parker, the negro who attempted to defend President McKinley when he was shot at Buffalo, was placed upon the dissecting table yesterday. Parker had for some months been a charity patient in the insane department. As far as known he had no friends here.

MILK DRIVERS STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Mar. 27.—A strike voted by the Milk wagon drivers at a meeting last night. The vote was 967 in favor of a strike and 67 against. Nearly 1100 members of the Union attended the meeting. The drivers demanded an increase of five dollars a week over the scale, which expires on March 31.

The drivers now will go before the teamsters joint council with a request for an indorsement of the strike vote. sanction of the executive council of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters of which the Milk Wagon Drivers Union is a local, before they can strike.

Should a strike occur, it will tie up temporarily 90 per cent of Chicago's retail dealers.

MURDEROUS ATTACK

Brooklyn Watchman Thrown Into a Sewer Trench.

SLIGHT CHANCE OF RECOVERY

He was Found by His Son, Who Was Searching for Him After His Failure to Return at the Usual Hour in the Morning.

NEW YORK, March 27.—In the Norwegian hospital, with slight chances of recovery, is Dominick Bugren, a Brooklyn watchman, who was found and taken to the institution after having lain from midnight until early morning in the bottom of a sewer trench, where he had been thrown following an attack by two masked men, who beat him and cast him unconscious into the excavation. Bugren's skull was fractured and his right arm broken, and he was badly cut on the head, neck and shoulders. When he was found he was covered with two bags of cement, on top of which bricks had been thrown. As he lost consciousness in the hospital he told the surgeons that has assailants had demanded money, and enraged at their failure to find more than some small change on his person, they had beaten him and pushed him into the sewer. That is the last he remembered until he was restored to consciousness in the hospital. He was found by his son, who had been searching for him in the vicinity after the father's failure to return at the usual hour in the morning.

POST OFFICE ROBBERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 27.—Two daring robbers blew up the postoffice at South San Francisco at two o'clock this morning and secured \$2,000 in coin and stamps.

A posse consisting largely of state police has started in search of the safe crackers.

PRESIDENT MELLE'S DENIAL

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Mar. 27.—It is denied on the highest authority that President Chas. S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, has been invited to take the presidency of the United Pacific R. R. Co., or that he would accept the presidency even of invited.